# Digital Search Trees & Binary Tries

- Analog of radix sort to searching.
- Keys are binary bit strings.
  - Fixed length 0110, 0010, 1010, 1011.
  - Variable length -01, 00, 101, 1011.
- Application IP routing, packet classification, firewalls.
  - IPv4 32 bit IP address.
  - IPv6 128 bit IP address.

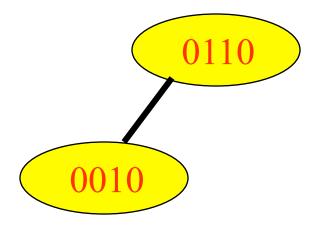
#### **Digital Search Tree**

- Assume fixed number of bits.
- Not empty
  - Root contains one dictionary pair (any pair).
  - All remaining pairs whose key begins with a 0 are in the left subtree.
  - All remaining pairs whose key begins with a 1 are in the right subtree.
  - Left and right subtrees are digital subtrees on remaining bits.

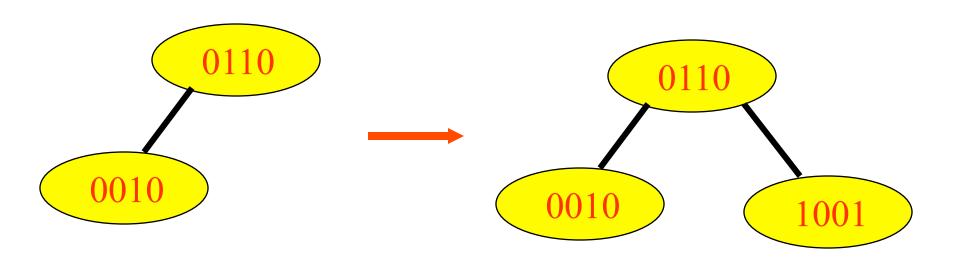
• Start with an empty digital search tree and insert a pair whose key is 0110.



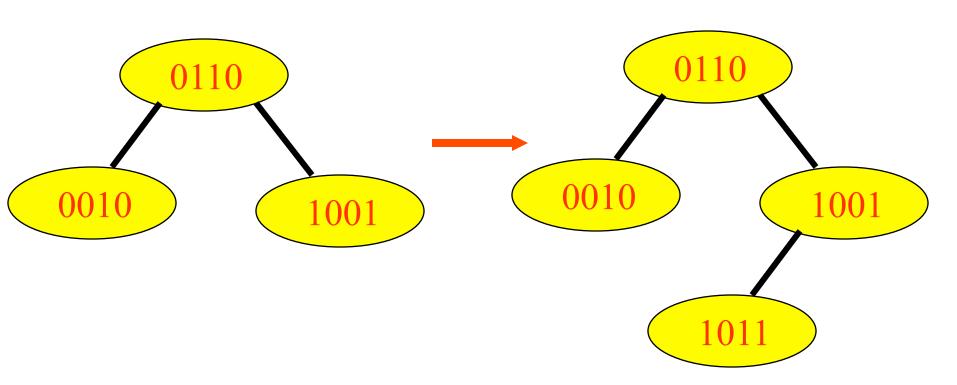
• Now, insert a pair whose key is 0010.



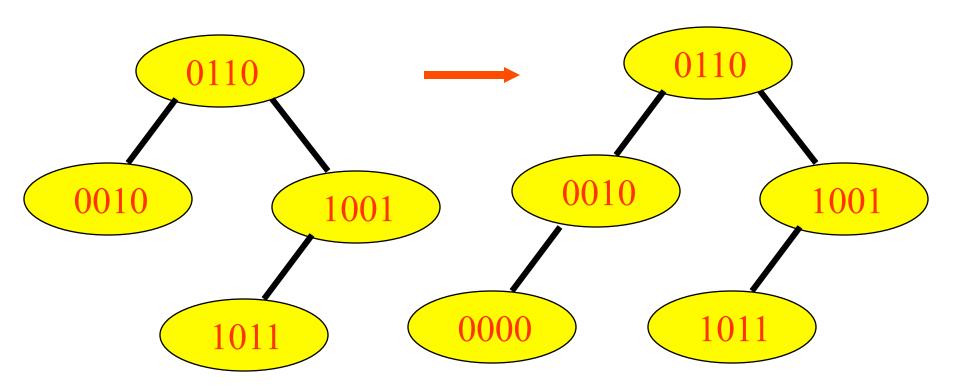
• Now, insert a pair whose key is 1001.



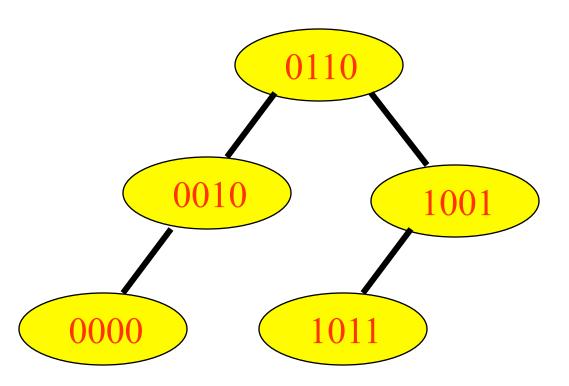
• Now, insert a pair whose key is 1011.



• Now, insert a pair whose key is 0000.



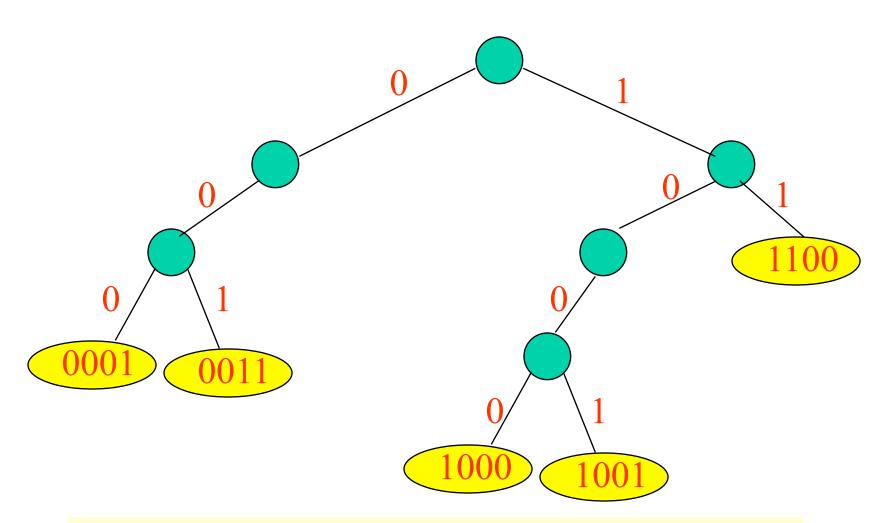
#### Search/Insert/Delete



- Complexity of each operation is O(#bits in a key).
- #key comparisons = O(height).
- Expensive when keys are very long.

### **Binary Trie**

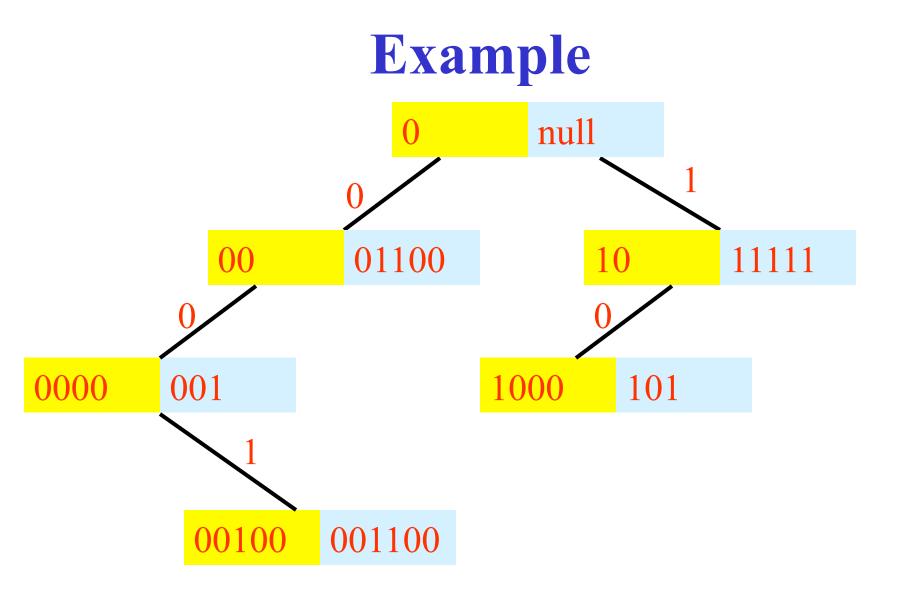
- Information Retrieval.
- At most one key comparison per operation.
- Fixed length keys.
  - Branch nodes.
    - Left and right child pointers.
    - No data field(s).
  - Element nodes.
    - No child pointers.
    - Data field to hold dictionary pair.



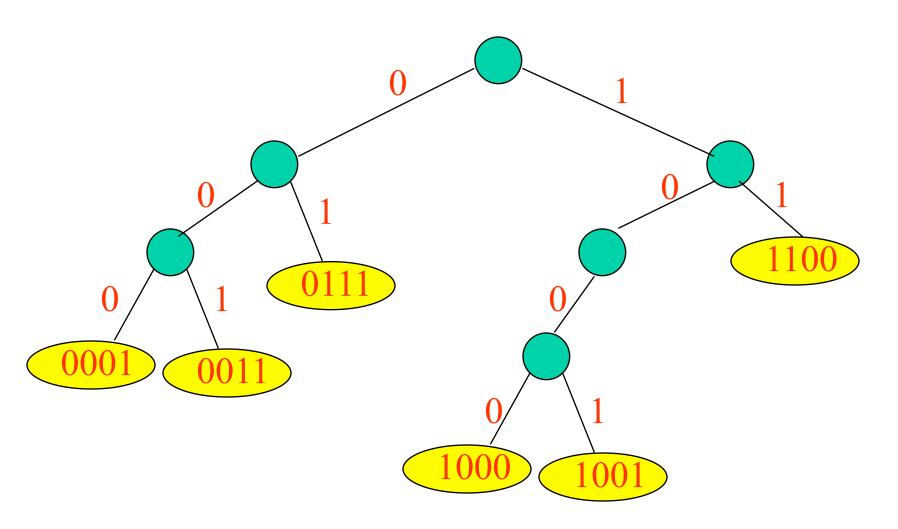
At most one key comparison for a search.

#### Variable Key Length

- Left and right child fields.
- Left and right pair fields.
  - Left pair is pair whose key terminates at root of left subtree or the single pair that might otherwise be in the left subtree.
  - Right pair is pair whose key terminates at root of right subtree or the single pair that might otherwise be in the right subtree.
  - Field is null otherwise.

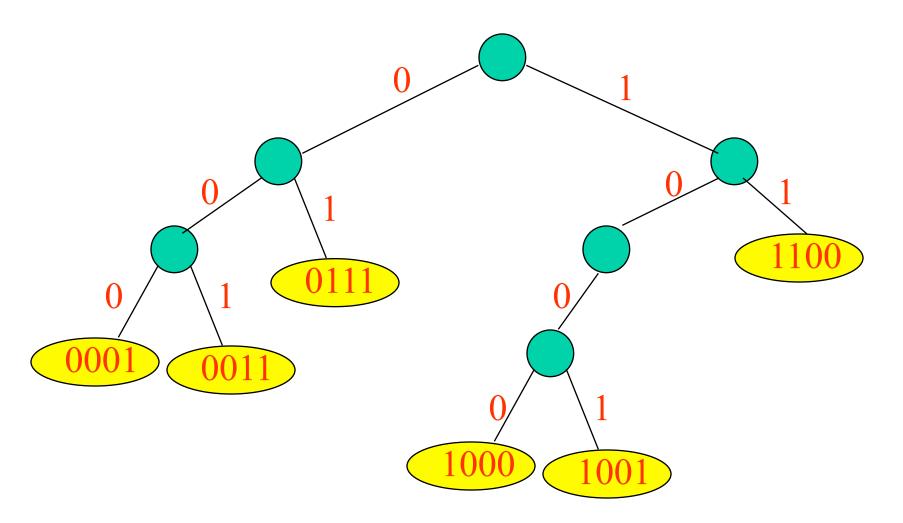


At most one key comparison for a search.

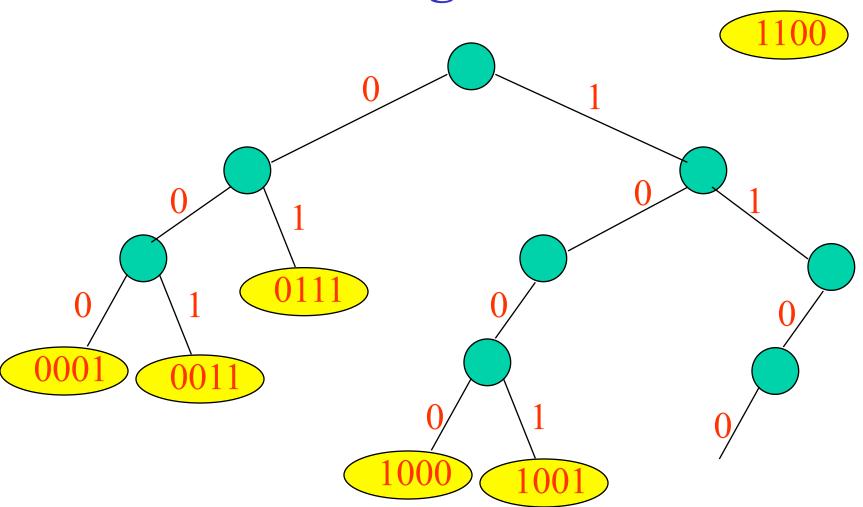


Insert 0111.

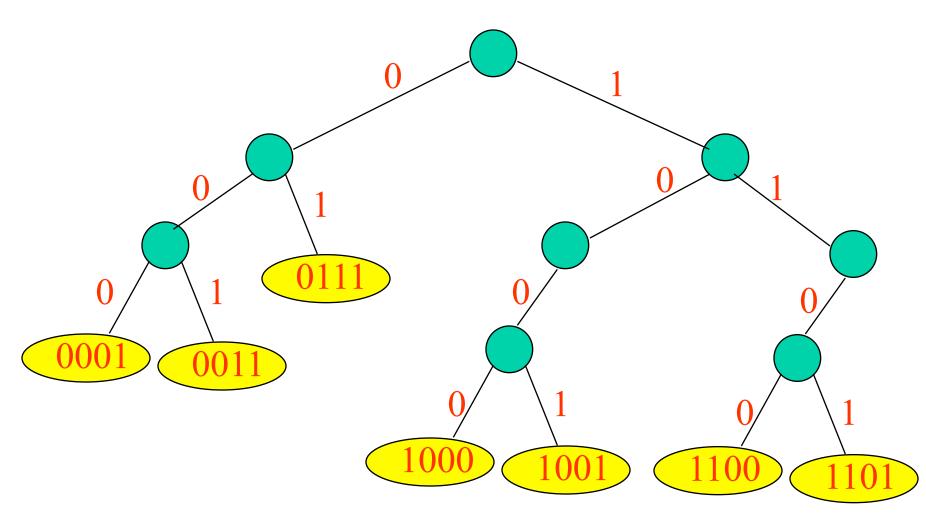
Zero compares.



Insert 1101.

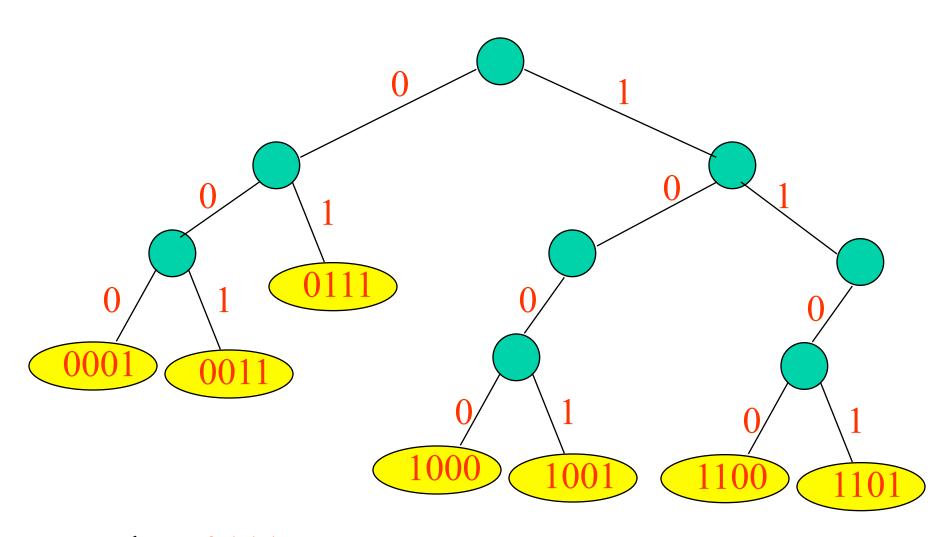


Insert 1101.

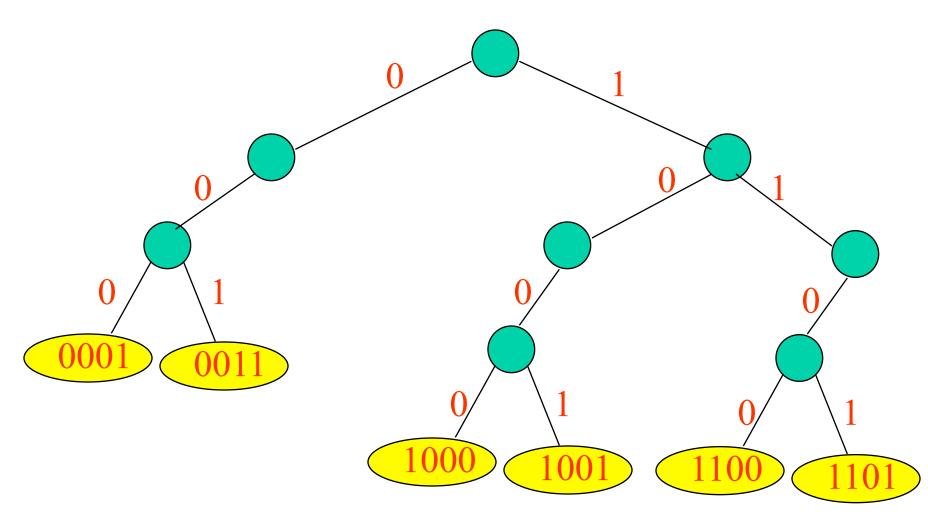


Insert 1101.

One compare.

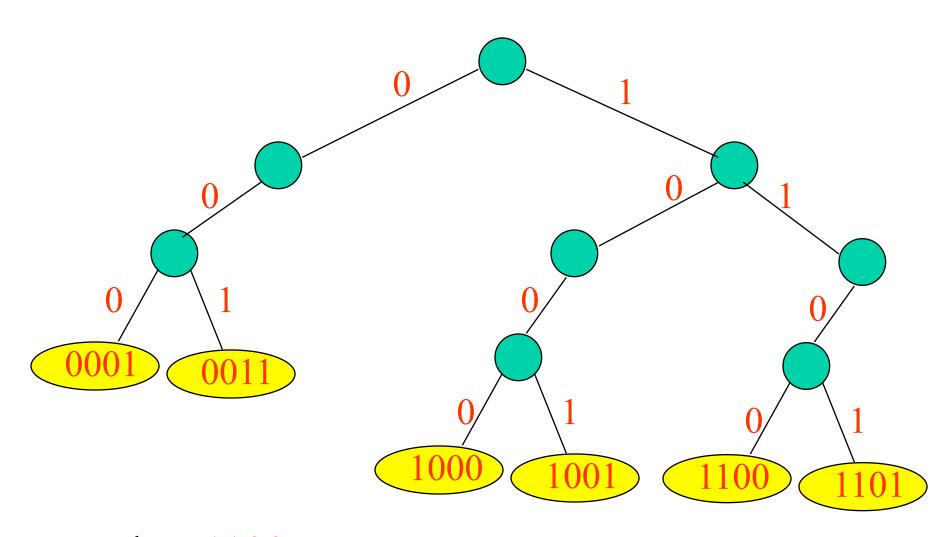


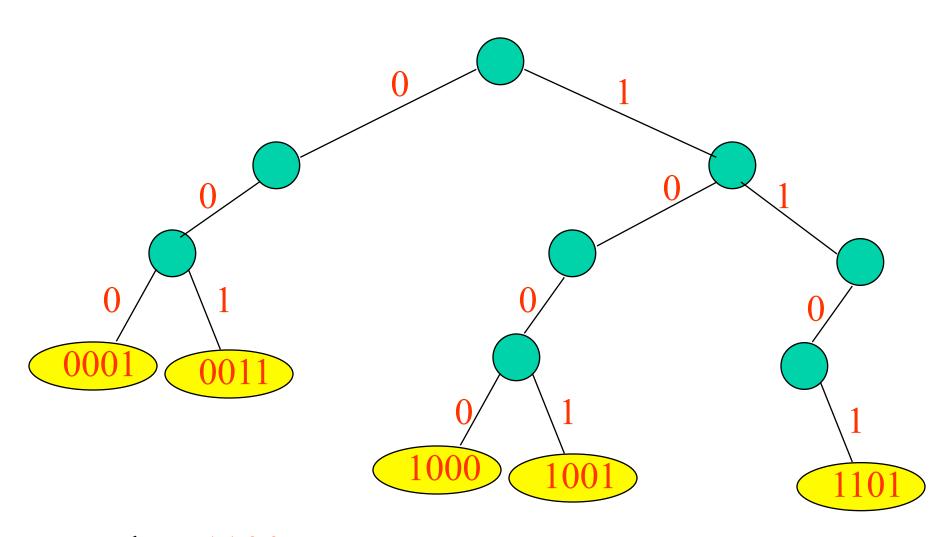
Delete 0111.

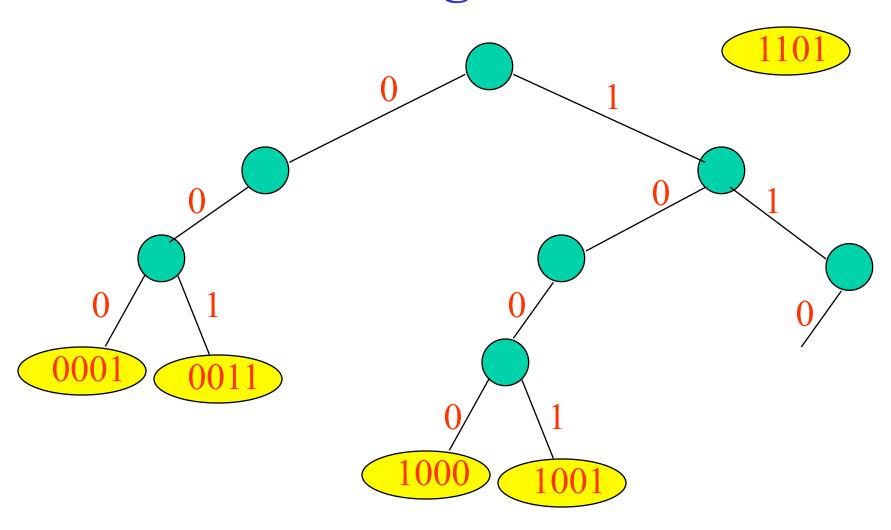


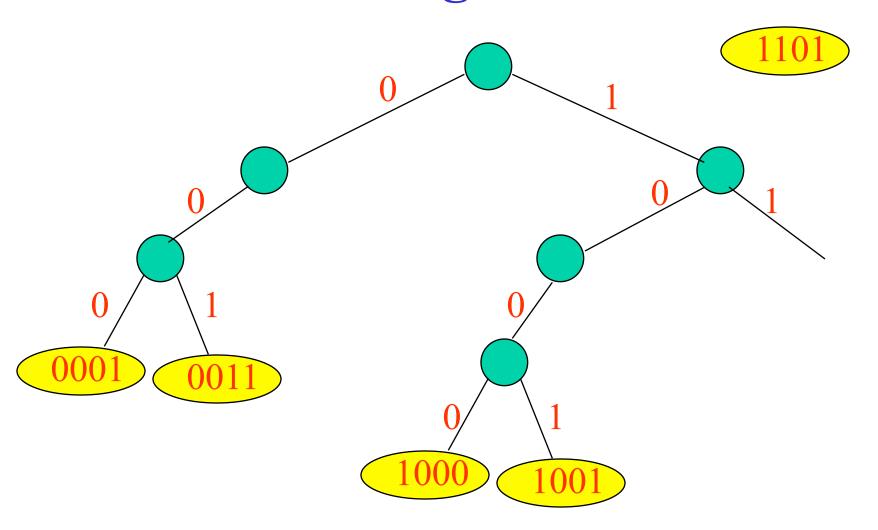
Delete 0111.

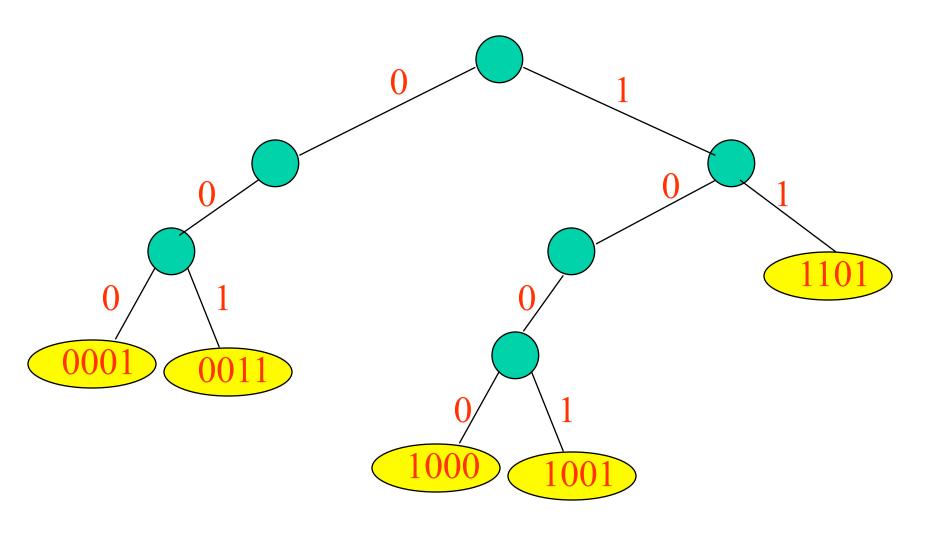
One compare.









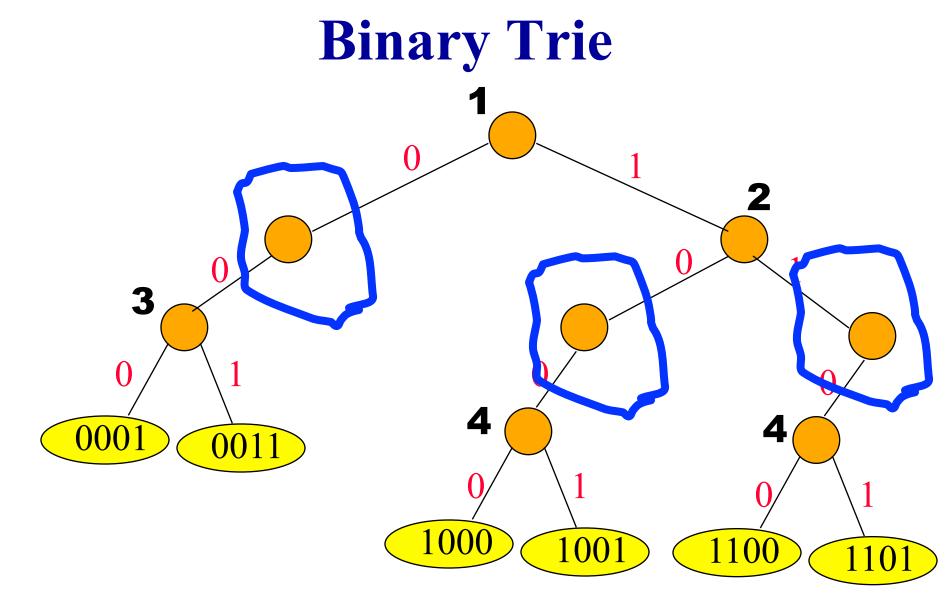


Delete 1100.

One compare.

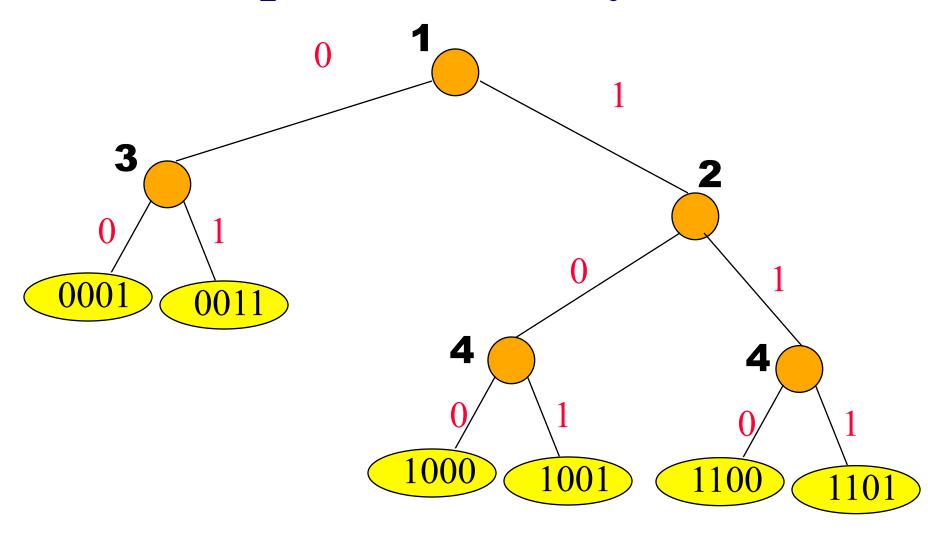
#### **Compressed Binary Tries**

- No branch node whose degree is 1.
- Add a bit# field to each branch node.
- bit# tells you which bit of the key to use to decide whether to move to the left or right subtrie.



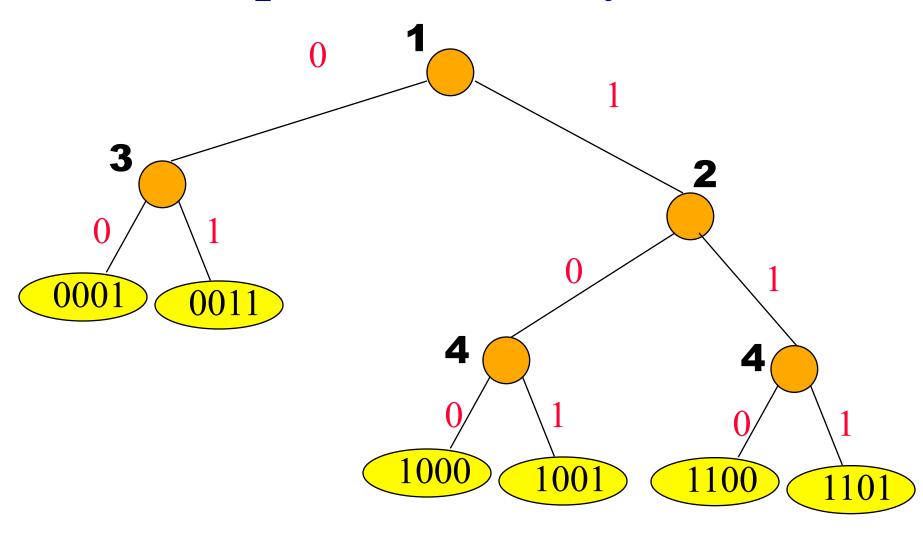
bit# field shown in black outside branch node.

### **Compressed Binary Trie**



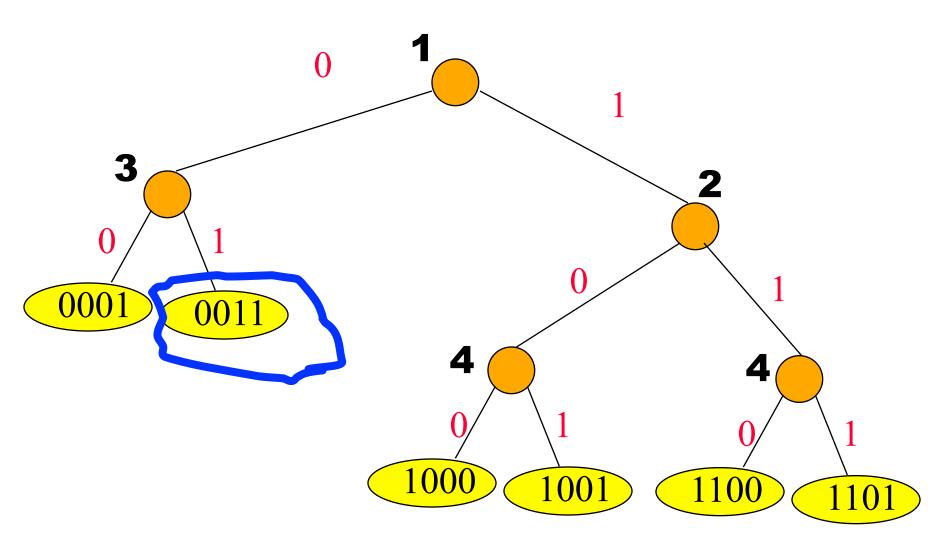
bit# field shown in black outside branch node.

### **Compressed Binary Trie**



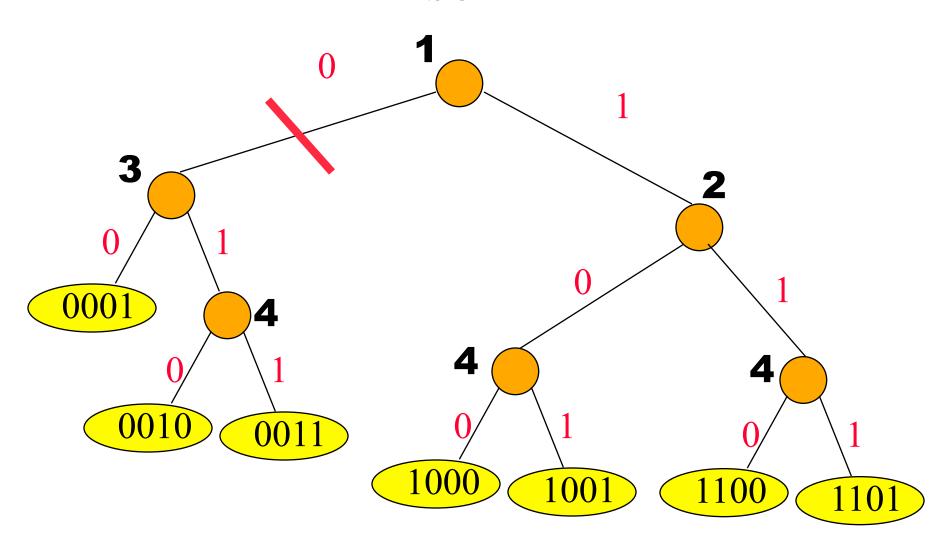
#branch nodes = n - 1.

#### **Insert**

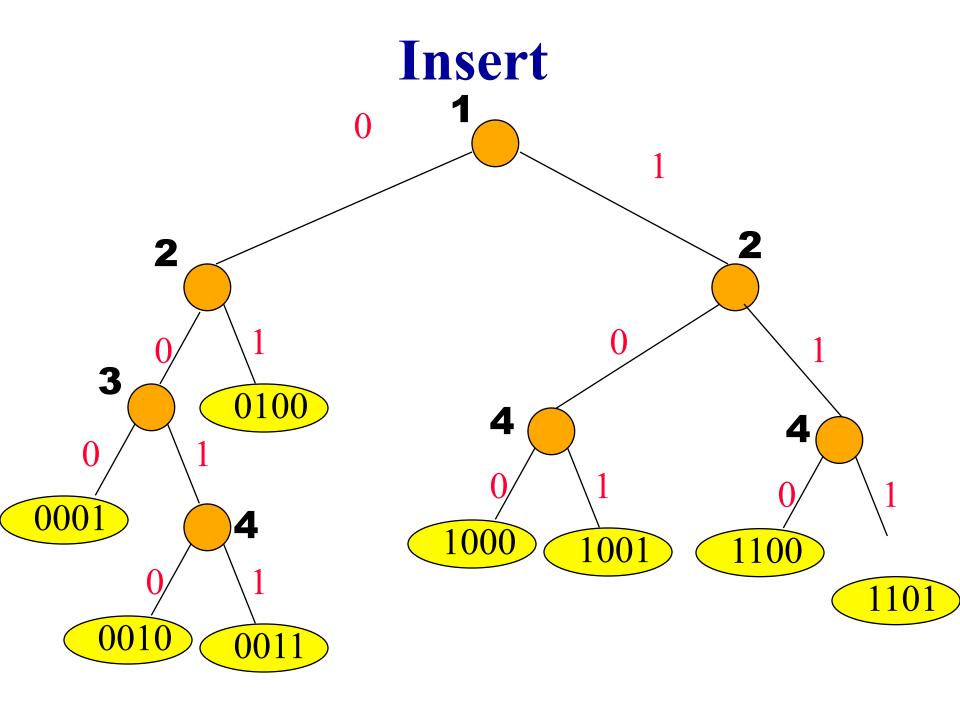


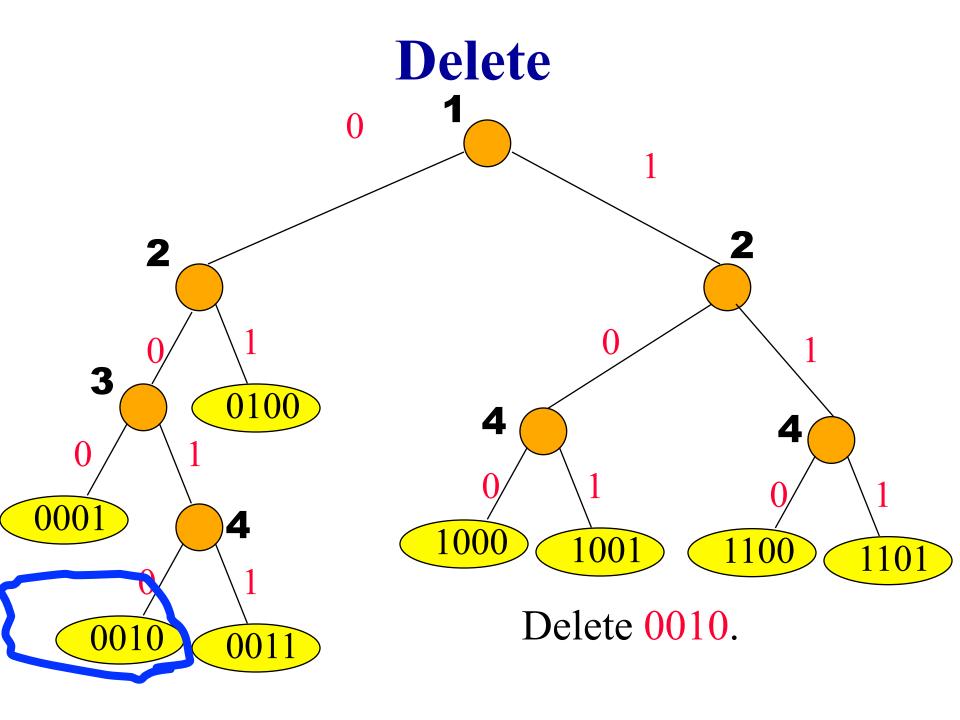
Insert 0010.

#### **Insert**

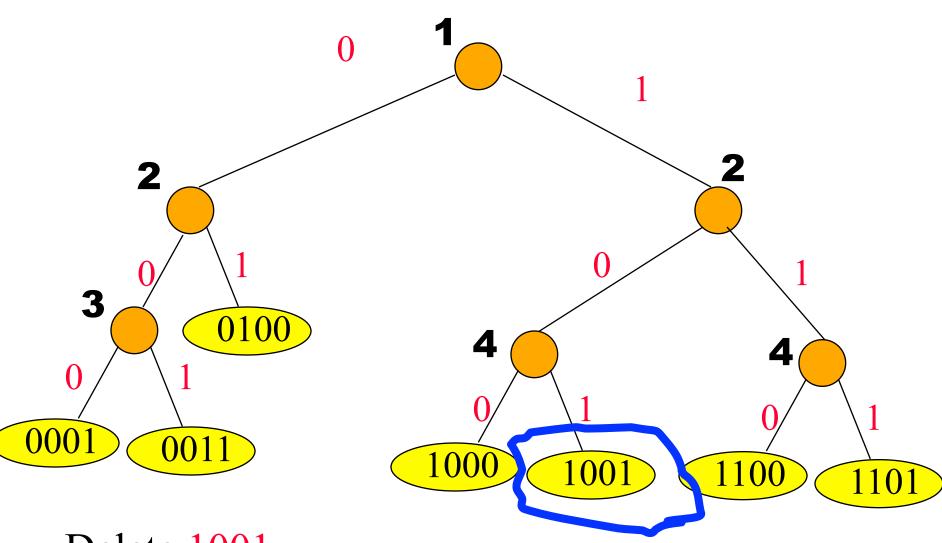


Insert 0100.

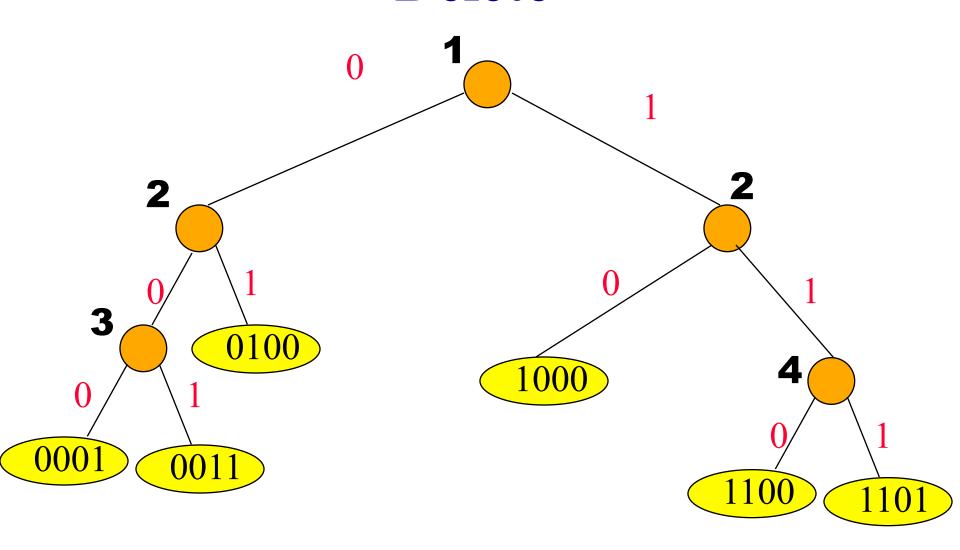




#### **Delete**

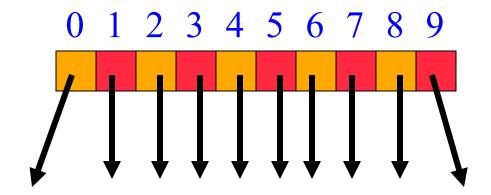


#### **Delete**



#### Higher Order Tries

- Key = Social Security Number.
  - **441-12-1135**
  - 9 decimal digits.
- 10-way trie (order 10 trie).



Height <= 10.

## Social Security Trie

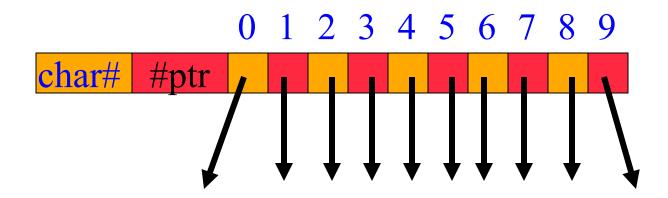
- 10-way trie
  - Height <= 10.</li>
  - Search => <= 9 branches on digits plus 1 compare.</p>
- 100-way trie
  - **441-12-1135**
  - Height <= 6.
  - Search => <= 5 branches on digits plus 1 compare.</p>

#### Social Security AVL & Red-Black

- Red-black tree
  - Height  $\leq 2\log_2 10^9 \sim 60$ .
  - Search => <= 60 compares of 9 digit numbers.</p>
- AVL tree
  - Height  $\leq 1.44\log_2 10^9 \sim 40$ .
  - Search => <= 40 compares of 9 digit numbers.</p>
- Best binary tree.
  - Height =  $\log_2 10^9 \sim 30$ .

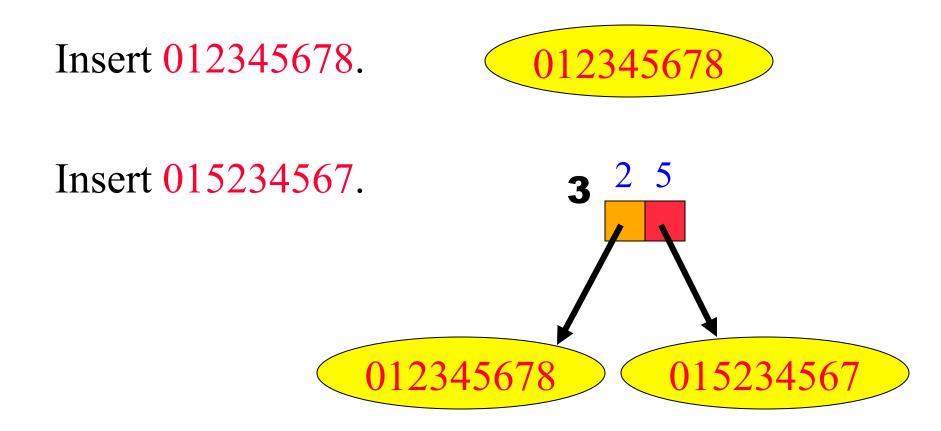
## Compressed Social Security Trie

## **Branch Node Structure**



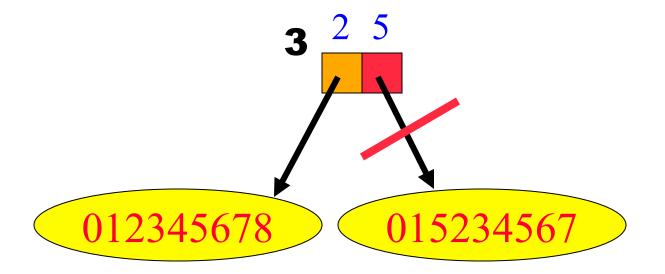
- char# = character/digit used for branching.
  - Equivalent to bit# field of compressed binary trie.
- #ptr = # of nonnull pointers in the node.

#### Insert



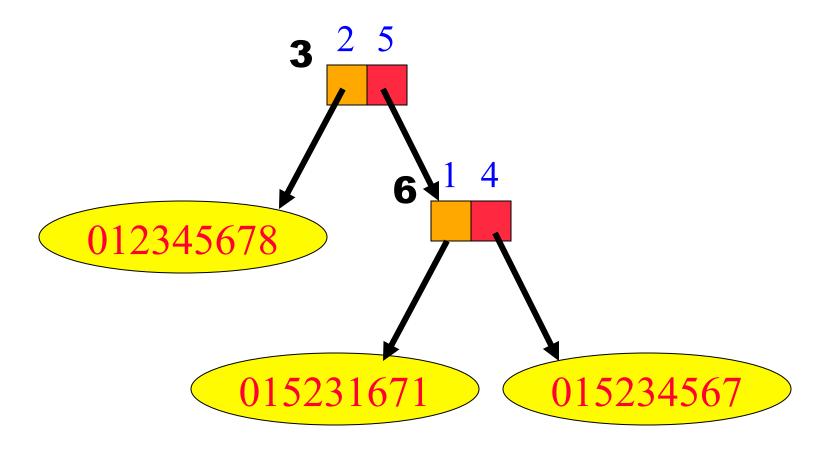
Null pointer fields not shown.

#### Insert

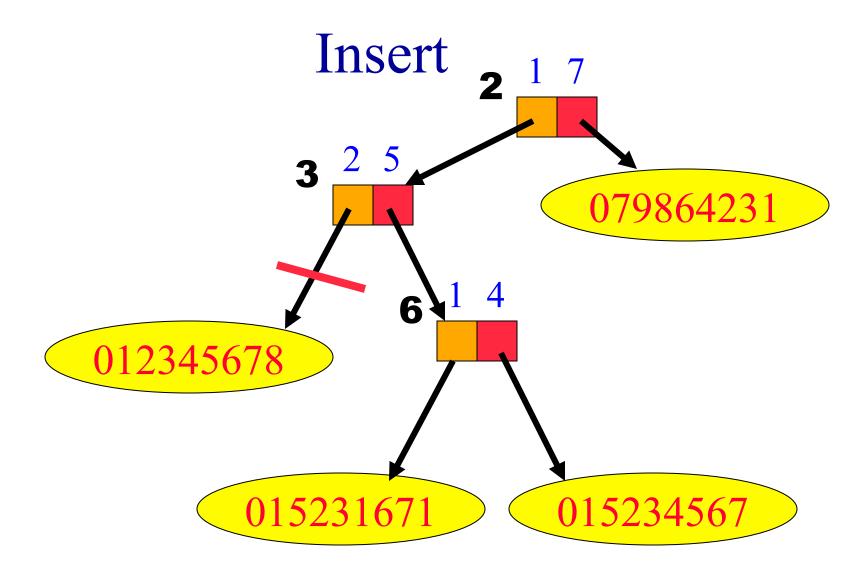


Insert 015231671.

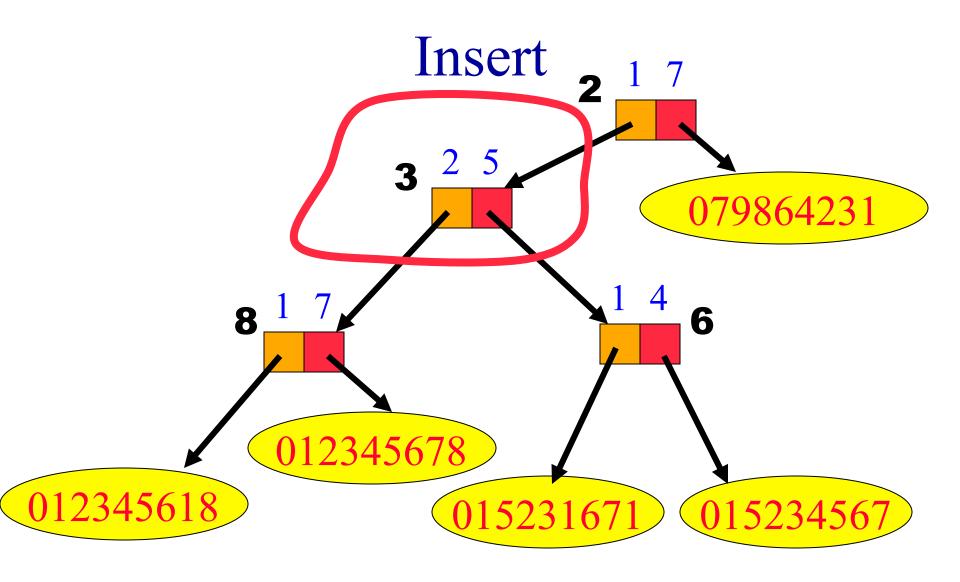
#### Insert



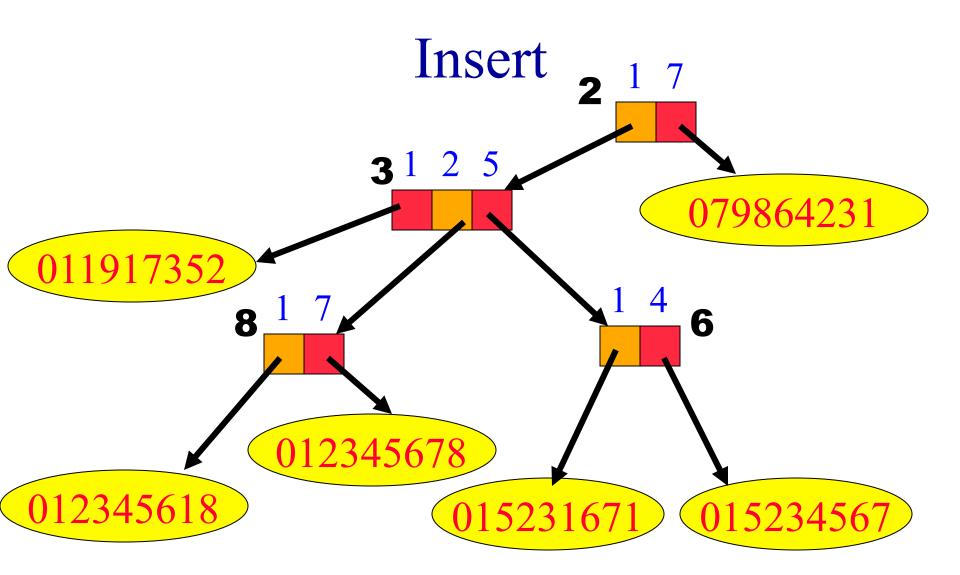
Insert 079864231.

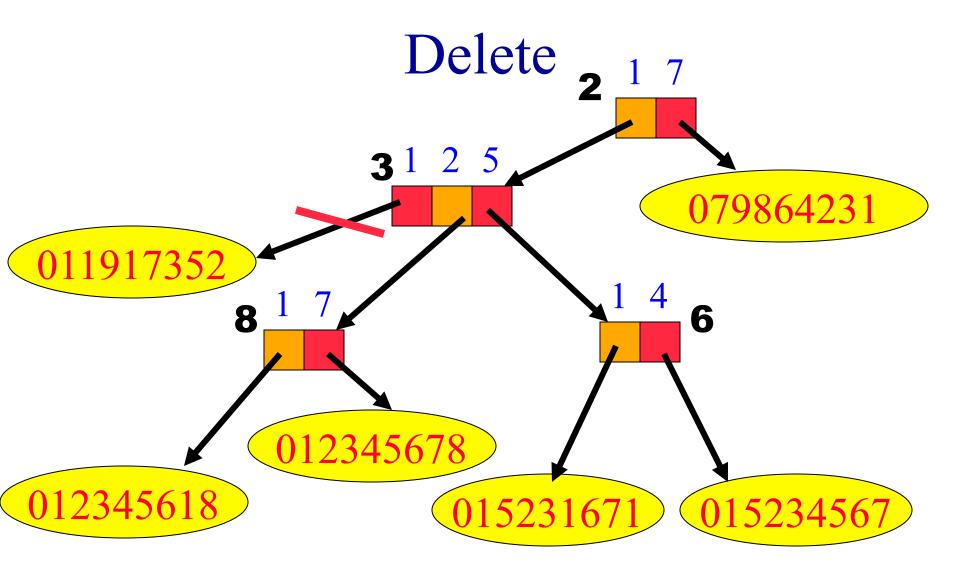


Insert 012345618.

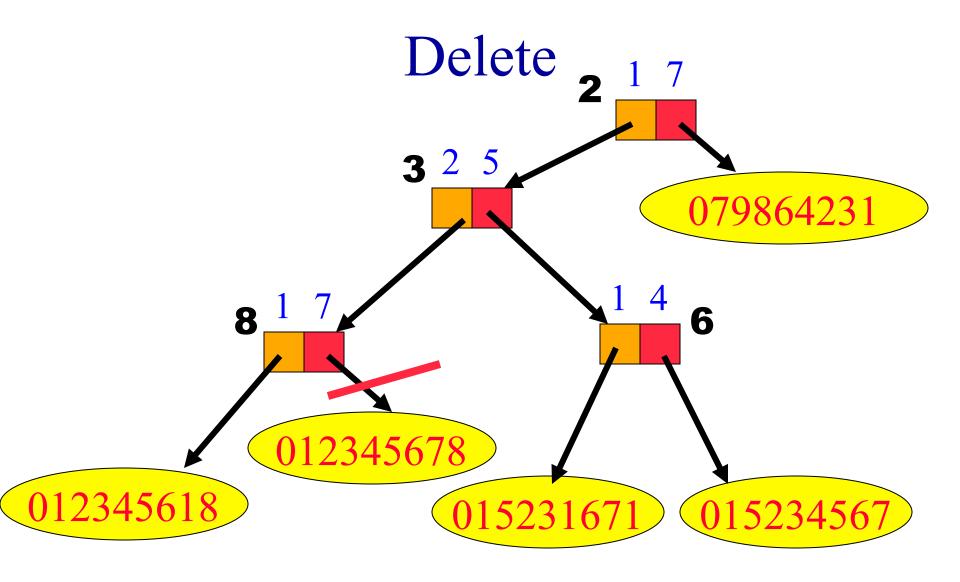


Insert 011917352.

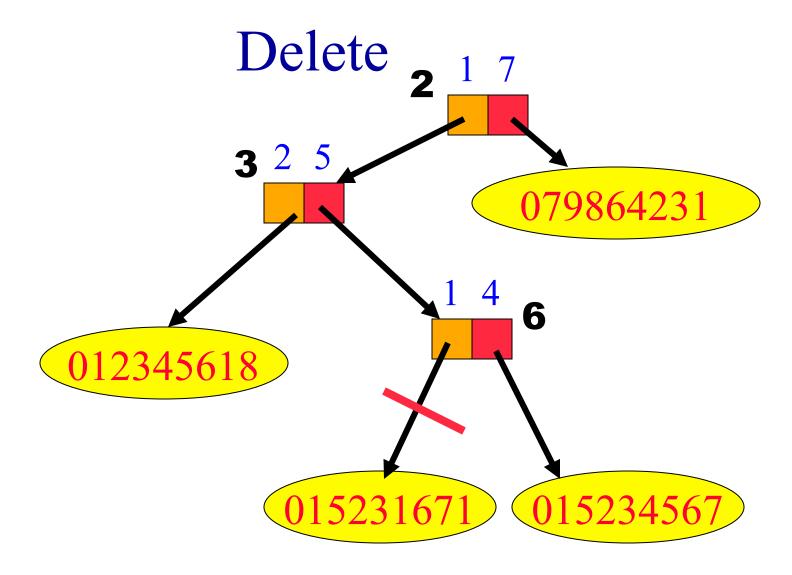




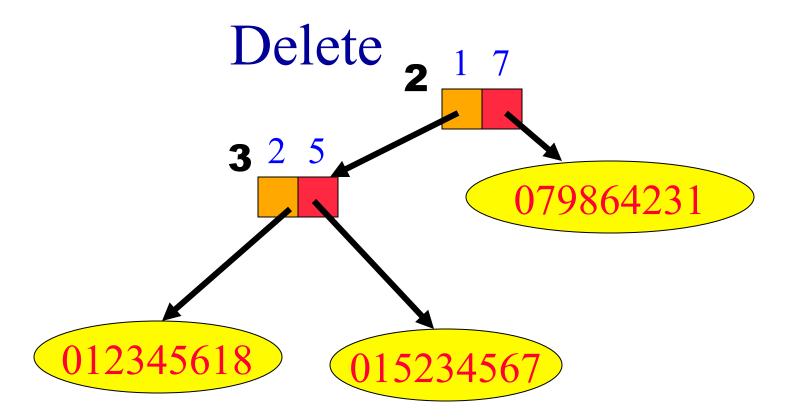
Delete 011917352.



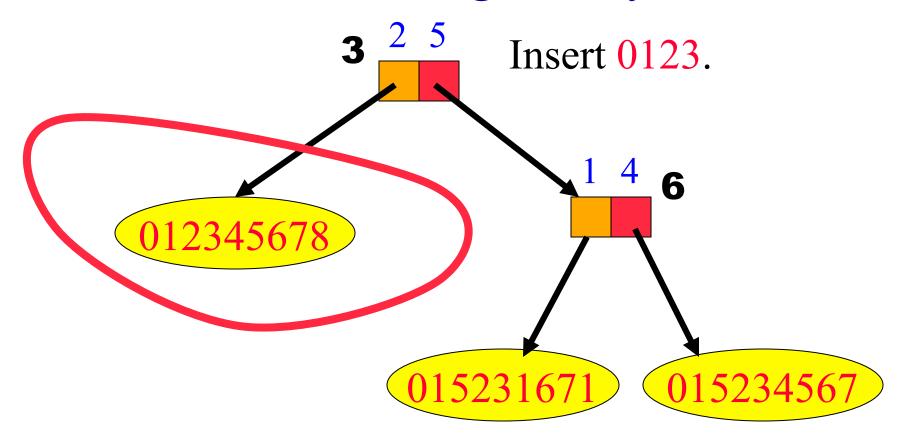
Delete 012345678.



Delete 015231671.

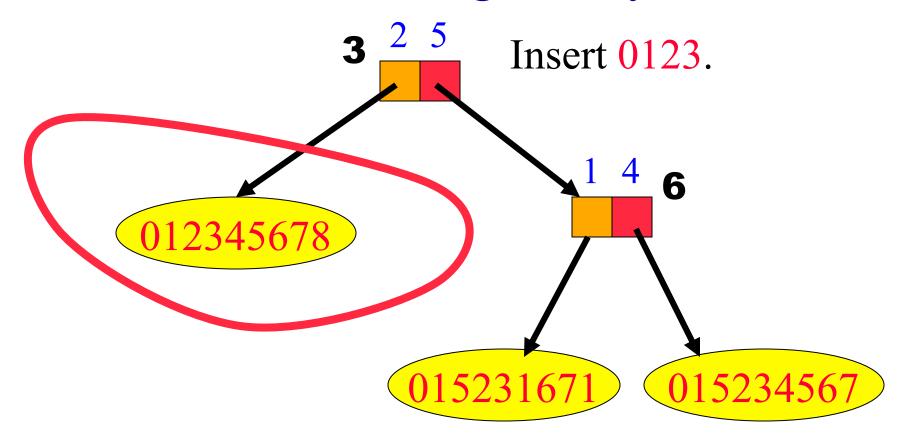


### Variable Length Keys



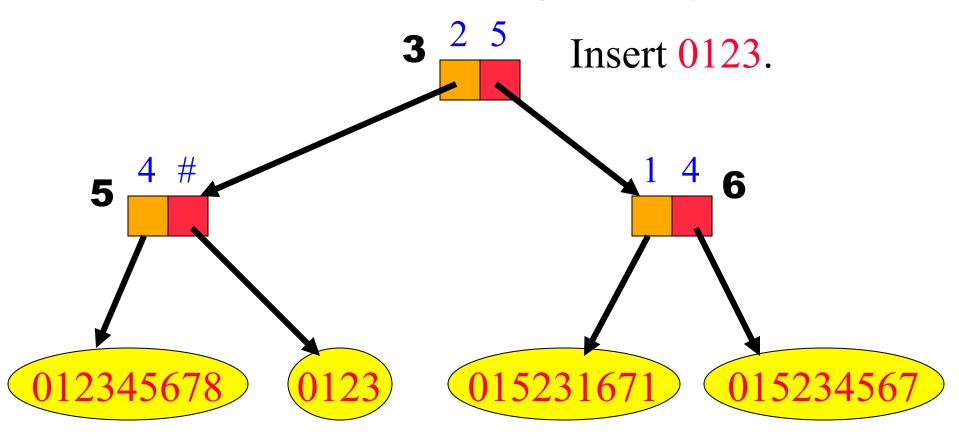
Problem arises only when one key is a (proper) prefix of another.

### Variable Length Keys



Add a special end of key character (#) to each key to eliminate this problem.

## Variable Length Keys

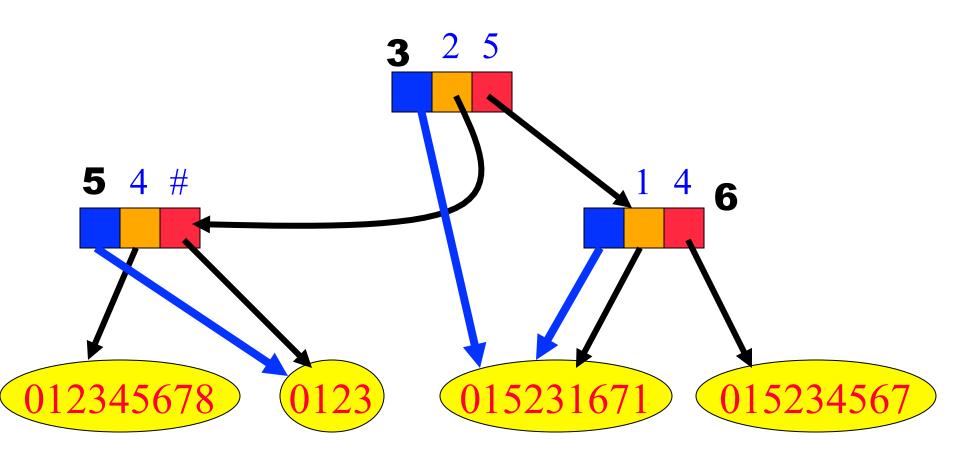


End of key character (#) not shown.

## Tries With Edge Information

- Add a new field (element) to each branch node.
- New field points to any one of the element nodes in the subtree.
- Use this pointer on way down to figure out skipped-over characters.

# Example



element field shown in blue.